FACULTY OF SCIENCES

SYLLABUS FOR THE BATCH FROM 2022 TO 2025

Programme Code: BSMD

Programme Name: B.Sc. (Medical)

(Semester I- VI)

Examinations: 2022-2025



Department of Zoology Khalsa College, Amritsar

Note: (a) Copy rights are reserved. Nobody is allowed to print it in any form.

- (b) Subject to change in the syllabi at any time.
- (c) Please visit the College website time to time.

S. No.	PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES
1.	To inculcate scientific temperament to broaden the outlook of students.
2.	To provide students a launch-pad for higher education.
3.	Skill development through practical, enabling them to solve common problems in their daily life.
4.	To undertake activities like field survey, photography, projects etc. to unearth their hidden talents.
5.	Holding Science exhibition, poster competition and educational trips, shaping their personality and preparing their minds to face, think and act in different situations.
6.	Participation in various cultural programs to build their confidence which help them to interact with different individuals in the society and work for welfare of the community.

S. No.	PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOS)
PSO-1	It is one of the most fundamental units of basic sciences studied at undergraduate
	level.
PSO-2	The programme helps to develop scientific tempers and attitudes which in turn can
	be useful for the scientific developments that make a nation or society to grow at a
	rapid pace.
PSO-3	After the completion of this course, students have the option to go higher studies
	i.e. Ph.D. and then do research work for the welfare of mankind
PSO-4	After higher studies, students can join as scientist or assistant professor and can
	even look for professional job oriented courses, such as civil services
PSO-5	Students can go to serve in industries and opt for establishing their own industrial
	units

fam la for they done &

Session: 2022-25

COURSE SCHEME SEMESTER - I Course **Course Name** Hours Max. Marks Page Code /Week No. Th Pr IA **Total** ZOO-111A 25 Cell Biology 3 25 100 04 25 ZOO-111B Biodiversity-I 3 06 ZOO-111P Practical-I 4.5 25 08 (Related to Zoo-111A and B) SEMESTER - II Course **Course Name** Hours/ Max. Marks Page Code Week Th Pr IA **Total** No. 3 3 **ZOO-121A** Ecology 25 25 100 10 25 Biodiversity-II **ZOO-121B** 12 (Arthropoda to Hemichordata) Practical-II **ZOO-121P** 4.5 25 14 (Related to Zoo-121A and B) SEMESTER - III Course **Course Name** Hours/ Max. Marks Page Code Week Th Pr IA **Total** No. **ZOO-231A** 25 **Evolution** 3 25 100 16 ZOO-231B Biodiversity–III (Chordates) 3 25 18 ZOO-231P Practical-III 4.5 25 20 (Related to Zoo-231A and B) SEMESTER – IV Course Max. Marks **Course Name** Hours/ Page Code Week Th Pr IA **Total** No. **ZOO-241A** 25 Biochemistry 3 25 100 22 3 25 24 ZOO-241B Animal Physiology ZOO-241P Practical-IV 4.5 25 26 (Related to Zoo-241A and B) SEMESTER - V Course **Course Name** Hours/ Max. Marks Page Code Week No. Th Pr IA **Total**

ZOO-351A	Developmental Biology	3	25		25	100	28
ZOO-351B	Genetics	3	25				30
ZOO-351P	Practical-V	4.5		25			32
	(Related to Zoo-351A and B)						
	SEMESTER	– VI					
Course	Course Name	Hours/	Max. Marks			Page	
Code		Week	Th	Pr	IA	Total	No.
ZOO-361A	Option (i)-Medical Zoology	3	25		25	100	34
	Option (ii)-Economic Entomology I						40
	Option (iii)-Inland Fisheries-I						46
ZOO-361B	Option (i)-Medical Laboratory Technology	3	25				36
	Option (ii)-Economic Entomology II						42
	Option (iii)-Inland Fisheries-II						48
ZOO-361P	Practical-VI	4.5		25			38
	(Related to Zoo-361A and B) as per						44
	Option (i), (ii) or (iii)						50
				•	•	•	

four la ford on & &

Session: 2022-25

B.Sc. Medical Semester I ZOO-111: ZOOLOGY

> Theory Paper ZOO-111A: 25 Theory Paper ZOO-111B: 25 Practical ZOO-111P: 25 Internal Assessment: 25

Total Marks: 100

Theory ZOO-111A: CELL BIOLOGY

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which 5 are to be attempted.

- 2) Question 1 is compulsory and having 5 short answer type questions (1 mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions (5 marks each) shall include 2 questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	Understand the structures and purposes of basic components of prokaryotic and
	eukaryotic cells, especially macromolecules, membranes, and organelles
2	Understand how these cellular components are used to generate and utilize energy in cells
3	Understand the cellular components underlying mitotic cell division.
4	Apply their knowledge of cell biology to selected examples of changes or losses in cell
	function like responses to environmental or physiological changes or mutation.

UNIT-I

- Methods in Cell Biology:
 - a) Principles of light and phase contrast microscopy
 - b) Electron microscopy (TEM and SEM): Principle and construction
 - c) Fixation and fixatives
 - d) Staining techniques

UNIT-II

- Organization of Cell: Extra nuclear and nuclear, ultrastructure and functions of cell organelles
 - a) **Plasma Membrane:** Structure, osmosis, active & Dassive transport, endocytosis & Dassive transport, endocytosis & Dassive transport, endocytosis
 - b) Endoplasmic reticulum: Structure, types and associated enzymes
 - c) **Mitochondria:** Structure, mitochondrial enzymes and role of mitochondria in respiration and Mitochondrial DNA

Sam ho Bond they on & &

Page 4 of 51

UNIT-III

• Organization of Cell:

a) Golgi complex: Structure and functions

b) **Ribosomes:** Types of ribosomes, their structure and functions

c) Lysosomes: Polymorphism and their function

d) Centrosome: Structure and functions

UNIT-IV

• Nucleus: Structure and functions of nuclear membrane, nucleolus and chromosomes

- An elementary idea of cell transformation in cancer: causes, symptoms and characteristics of cancer cells.
- An elementary idea of cellular basis of immunity: Types of immunity, B cell, T cell, Structure of antibody.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Alberts, B., Bray, D., Lewis, J., Raff, M. Roberts, K., Watson J.D.(1998), Molecular Biology of the Cell, Garland Publ. Inc., New York.
- 2. Chandra Roy, S and DE Kumar, K. (2001), Cell Biology, New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd. Kolkata.
- 3. Cooper, G. M. (2004), The cell, A Molecular Approach, ASM press, Washington, D. C.
- 4. De Robertis, E.D.P. De Robertis, E.M.F.(1995) Cell Biology and Molecular Biology (Eighth Edition), W.B. Saunders Co., Philadelphia.
- 5. Karp, G. (1984). Cell Biology (4th ed), McGraw Hill, New York. 6. Pawar, C.B (1999), Cell Biology, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO-1.	Understand the cell theory and cell principle.
CO-2.	Understand properties of cell like cell size, shape, number, life span and death
CO-3.	Know the structure and importance of prokaryotic (Mycoplasma, Bacteria,
	Cyanobacteria) and eukaryotic cell.
CO-4.	Study the theories of evolution of eukaryotic cell from prokaryotic cell.
CO-5.	Study the structure and functions of the cell organelles like Golgi complex,
	Endoplasmic reticulum, Mitochondrion, Ribosomes, Peroxysomes and
	glyoxysomes.
CO-6	Develop understanding about various cell surface modifications: Glycocalyx,
	Microvilli and Caveolae
CO-7	Study the cytoskeleton including microtubules, actin, myosin, intermediate
	filaments and their role in muscle contraction
CO-8	Understand the phases of cell cycle including Mitosis and Meiosis.

four la ford they and &

Theory ZOO-111B: BIODIVERSITY-I (PROTOZOA TO ANNELIDA)

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

- 1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which 5 are to be attempted.
- 2) Question 1 is compulsory and having 5 short answer type questions (1 mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions (5 marks each) shall include 2 questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Understand the animal kingdom.
2.	Understand the taxonomic position of Protozoa to Annelida.
3.	Understand the general characteristics of animals belonging to Protozoa to Annelida.
4.	Understand the body organization of phylum from Protozoa to Annelida.
5.	Understand the origin and evolutionary relationship of different phylum from
	Protozoa to Annelida.

Detailed Type study of the following animals -

UNIT-I

- Protozoa:
 - **o** Amoeba proteus
 - o Paramecium caudatum (with special reference to Kappa particles in P. aurelia)
 - o Plasmodium vivax
- Introduction to Parasitic Protozoans

UNIT-II

- Porifera:
 - o Sycon
- Coelenterata:
 - o Obelia

UNIT-III

- Platyhelminthes:
 - o Fasciola hepatica
 - o Taenia solium
 - o Larvae of Fasciola hepatica and Taenia solium

UNIT-IV

- Aschelminthes:
 - Ascaris
- Parasitic adaptations in Helminthes
- Annelida:
 - o *Pheretima posthuma* (Earthworm)

four he for Down In & &

Suggested Readings:-

- 1. Barnes, R.D. (1999), Invertebrate Zoology. W.B. Saunder, Philadelphia.
- 2. Dhami, P.S. & Dhami, J. K(2001), Invertebrates, R. Chand & Co., New Delhi.
- 3. Barth, R. H. and Broshears, R. E (1982), The Invertebrate world. Holt Saunder, Japan.
- 4. Brusca, R. C. and Brusca, G. J. (2003), Invertebrates (2nd ed). Sinauer Associates, Inc. Publishers, Sunderland, Massachusetts.
- 5. Engemann, J. G. and Hegner, R. W. (1981), Invertebrate Zoology (3rd ed.) Macmillan, New York.
- 6. Gardiner, M. S. (1972), The Biology of Invertebrates, McGraw Hill, New York.
- 7. Meglitsch, P. A. and Schran, F. R. (1991), Invertebrate Zoology (3rd ed). Oxford University Press, New York.
- 8. Pechenik, A. Jan. (2000), Biology of the invertebrates, (4th ed), McGraw Hill Book Co. Singapore.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO-1.	The subject of biodiversity helps the students to know about the structural aspects of
	different animals
CO-2.	Students also gain knowledge about the taxonomies and evolutionary aspects of
	Zoology.
CO-3.	To study faunal diversity and learn to implement conservation measures to save
	biodiversity

for he for the form of the

Practical **ZOO-111P:** (Related to **ZOO-111A** and **ZOO-111B**)

Periods/week: 6 Credit Hours: 4.5 hrs
Total Hours: 67.5 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Important Note for Practical:

- 1. Candidates will be required to submit their original note books containing record of their laboratory work.
- 2. Wherever possible, students must be taken out for excursion to the field (Zoological gardens, sea shores, ponds and hill stations etc.) to study habitat and ecology of the animals.
- 3. As per the latest UGC guidelines the dissections may please be avoided. In no case an animal falling under the categories of wildlife protection act 1972 should be caught or dissected. The rules of the Prevention of cruelty to Animals act 1960 should be familiar to all who are teaching the Zoology courses.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Understand the structure of invertebrates and classify them.			
2.	Understand various techniques like SEM, TEM and Chromatography.			
3.	Understand the structure and function of digestive, reproductive and nervous system of earthworm.			
4.	Understand the preparation of temporary slides.			

1	Classification up to orders with ecological notes and economic importance (if any) of			
	the following ar	nimals (Through Specimens or slides):		
	Protozoa	Amoeba, Euglena, Trypanosoma, Noctiluca, Eimeria, Monocystis,		
		Paramecium, Opalina, Vorticella, Balantidium, Nyctotherus,		
		Polystomella		
	Parazoa	Sycon, Grantia, Euplectella, Hyalonema, Spongilla, Euspongia		
	Cnidaria	Porpita, Velella, Physalia, Aurelia, Rhizostoma, Metridium, Millipora,		
		Alcyonium, Tubipora, Zoanthus, Madrepora, Favia, Fungia and		
		Astrangia Hydra (WM), Hydra with buds, Obelia (colony and medusa),		
		Sertularia, Plumularia, Tubularia, Bougainvillea and Aurelia		
	Platyhelminthes	Dugesia, Fasciola, Taenia, Echinococcus		
	Aschelminthes	Ascaris (male and female), Trichinella, Ancylostoma		
	Annelida	Pheretima, Nereis, Heteronereis, Polynoe, Eunice, Aphrodite,		
		Chaetopterus, Arenicola, Tubifex, Pontobdella		
2	Study of the	LS and TS Sycon, gemmules, spicules and spongin fibers of a sponge		
	permanent	TS Hydra (Testis and ovary region)		
	stained	TS Fasciola (Different regions)		
	preparations	Miracidium, Sporocyst, Redia, Cercaria larvae of Fasciola		
		Scolex and proglottids of <i>Taenia</i> (mature and gravid)		
		TS Ascaris (Male and Female)		
		TS Pheretima (pharyngeal and typhlosolar regions), setae, septal		
		nephridia, spermathecae and ovary of <i>Pheretima</i> (Earthworm)		
3	Temporary	Freshwater Protozoan culture; slide preparation		
	Preparation			
4	Demonstration	digestive, reproductive and nervous systems of earthworm with the help		
	of	of charts/ videos/ models		

5 Cell Biology	Paper chromatography
----------------	----------------------

for la ford they do &

		Thin layers chromatography
		Gel electrophoresis through photographs or through research laboratories
		Familiarity with TEM & SEM
		Study of different ultra-structures of cell organelles through photographs
6	Students must 1	be taken out to study vermicomposting unit and submit the report.

Guidelines for conduct of practical Examination: -

1	Identify and classify the specimens up to order. Write a note on their habit, habitat,	6
	special features and economic importance.	
2	Identify the slides/models and give two reasons for identification.	6
3	Identify the adaptive feature/nest.	3
4	Mark the distribution of animals of a realm on the map.	4
5	Project/ Assignment report	2
6	Viva-voce & Practical file.	4

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO-1.	Have a knowledge about all the different phyla of invertebrates
CO-2.	Understand the comparative structure of invertebrates
CO-3.	Have an insight about the microscopic life
CO-4.	Differentiate invertebrates on the basis of morphological characteristics

Daw los And Dey In &

B.Sc. Medical Semester II ZOO-121: ZOOLOGY

> Theory Paper 121A: 25 Theory Paper 121B: 25 Practical 121P: 25

Internal assessment: 25

Total

Marks: 100

Theory
ZOO-121A: ECOLOGY
ZOO-111A: CELL BIOLOGY

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which five are to be attempted.

- 2) Question 1 will be compulsory and will be of 5 short answer type (one mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions shall include two questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Each question carries 5 marks. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Describe the interaction between organisms and environment.
2.	Describe the ecological adaptations in animals in different habitats.
3.	Understand ecological niche and succession.
4.	Understand the exchange of nutrients within the ecosystem.
5.	Describe the population dynamics.

UNIT-I

- Ecology: Definition, subdivisions and scope of ecology
- Ecosystem: Components, ecological energetics, food web, major ecosystems of the world
- Ecological factors: Temperature, light and soil as ecological factors

UNIT-II

- Nutrients: Biogeochemical cycles and concept of limiting factors
- Ecological Adaptations: Morphological, physiological and behavioural adaptations in animals in

different habitats

UNIT-III

- Population: Characteristics and regulations of population
- Inter and Intra Specific relationship: Competition, predation, parasitism, commensalism and mutualism
- Biotic community: Characteristics, ecological succession, ecological niche

UNIT-IV

- Natural resources: Renewable and non-renewable natural resources and their conservation
- Environmental Issues: Causes, impact and control of environmental pollution

four la ford on & &

Page 10 of 51

Suggested Readings:-

- 1. Anderwartha, H.G. and Birch, L. C. (1970), The distribution and abundance of animals, University of Chicago Press, Chicago London.
- 2. Beeby, A. (1992), Applying Ecology, Chapman and Hall Madras.
- 3. Begon, M., Harper J. L. and Townsend, C. R. (1995), Ecology Individuals, populations and communities, Blackwell Science, Cambridge UK.
- 4. Brewer, R. (1994), The science of Ecology, Saunders College of Publishing, New York.
- 5. Chapman, J. L. and Resis, M. J. (1995), Ecology- Principles and applications, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge UK.
- 6. Kaeighs, S. C. (1974), Ecology with special references to animal and Man, Prentice Hall Inc.
- 7. Kormondy, E.J. (1975), Concept of Ecology, Englewood Cliffs, N.J. Prentice Hall Inc.
- 8. Kreb C.J. (1982), Ecology, Harper & Row, New York. 9. Putmann, R. J. and Wratten, S. D. (1984), Principles of Ecology, Crown Helm, London.

COURSE OUTCOMES

	COCHE COTONIE	
CO-1.	Have a knowledge about the biodiversity	
CO-2.	assess effects of human activities on biosphere	
CO-3.	Pursue various courses M.Sc. Environmental studies etc. in future & can opt for	
	carrier in academics.	
CO-4.	Work for wildlife and biodiversity agencies.	

four la ford on & &

Theory ZOO-121B: BIODIVERSITY-II (ARTHROPODA TO HEMICHORDATA) ZOO-111A: CELL BIOLOGY

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs

Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which five are to be attempted.

- 2) Question 1 will be compulsory and will be of 5 short answer type (one mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions shall include two questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Each question carries 5 marks. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Understand the animal kingdom.
2.	Understand the taxonomic position of arthropods to hemichordates.
3.	Understand the general characteristics of animals belonging to arthropods up to
	hemichordates.
4.	Understand the body organization of phylum from arthropods to hemichordates.
5.	Understand the origin and evolutionary relationship of different phylum from
	arthropods to hemichordates.

UNIT-I

- **Arthropoda-** Type study:
 - o Prawn
 - o Periplaneta americana (Cockroach)
- Social organizations in insects (Honey bee and Termite)

UNIT-II

- Mollusca- Type study:
 - o Pila globosa
- Torsion, Pearl formation

UNIT-III

- **Echinodermata-** Type study:
 - o Asterias (Star fish)
- Study of Echinoderm larvae

UNIT-IV

- **Hemichordata:**; *Balanoglossus* (External characters only)
- Affinities of Hemichordates with Non-Chordates and Chordates

four la ford on & &

Page 12 of 51

Suggested Readings:-

- 1. Barnes, R.D. (1999), Invertebrate Zoology. W.B. Saunder, Philadelphia.
- 2. Dhami, P.S. & Dhami, J. K., Invertebrates, R. Chand & Co., New Delhi, 2001.
- 3. Barth, R. H. and Broshears, R. E (1982), The Invertebrate world. Holt Saunder, Japan.
- 4. Brusca, R. C. and Brusca, G. J. (2003), Invertebrates (2nd ed), Sinauer Associates, Inc. Publishers, Sunderland, Massachusetts.
- 5. Engemann, J. G. and Hegner, R. W. (1981), Invertebrate Zoology (3rd ed), Macmillan, New York.
- 6. Gardiner, M. S. (1972), The Biology of Invertebrates, McGraw Hill, New York.
- 7. Meglitsch, P. A. and Schran, F. R. (1991), Invertebrate Zoology (3rd ed), Oxford University Press, New York.
- 8. Pechenik, A. Jan. (2000), Biology of the invertebrates, (4th ed), McGraw Hill Book Co. Singapore.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO-1.	The subject of biodiversity helps the students to know about the structural aspects
	of different animals.
CO-2.	Students also gain knowledge about the taxonomies and evolutionary aspects of
	Zoology.
CO-3.	To study faunal diversity and learn to implement conservation measures to save
	biodiversity
CO-4.	The students get in depth knowledge about various animal phyla (Arthropoda to
	Hemichordata)
CO-5.	Detailed type studies of representative organisms of each phyla.
CO-6.	This course also provides detailed knowledge about evolutionary relationships
	between Non-Chordates, Hemichordates & Chordates.

four la ford on & &

Practical

ZOO-121P: (Related to **ZOO-121A** and **ZOO-121B**)

Periods/week: 6 Credit Hours: 4.5 hrs
Total Hours: 67.5 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Important Note for Practical:

1) Candidates are required to submit their original note books containing record of their laboratory work.

2) Wherever possible, students must be taken out for excursion to the field (Zoological gardens, sea shores, ponds and hill stations etc.) to study habitat and ecology of the animals. As per the latest UGC guidelines (D.O.No. F. 14-6/2014(CPP-II) dated 01-08-2014) the dissections should not be conducted. The guidelines on this issue are available on the UGC website: www.ugc.ac.in

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Classify the organisms up to orders with their ecological notes and economic
	importance.
2.	Understand the permanent stained slides of insects and molluscs.
3.	Understand digestive and nervous system of <i>Periplaneta</i> .
4.	Study abiotic and biotic components of an ecosystem.
5.	Study and prepare the charts related to Zoogeographical realms.

1.	Classification up to ore following animals:	ders with ecological notes and economic importance (if any) of the
	Arthropoda :	Peripatus, Palaemon, Lobster, Cancer, Sacculina, Eupagurus,
	_	Lepas, Balanus, Cyclops, Daphnia, Lepisma, Periplaneta,
		Schistocerca, Mantis, Poecilocerus, Gryllus, Cicada, Forficula,
		Dragonfly, Termite queen, Apis, Bug, Moth, Beetles, Polistes,
		Bombyx, Pediculus, Scolopendra (Centipede), Julus (Millipede),
		Palamnaeus, Aranea , Limulus,
	Mollusca:	Anodonta, Mytilus, Ostrea, Cardium, Pholas, Solen, Pecten,
		Haliotis, Patella, Aplysia, Doris, Limax, Loligo, Sepia, Octopus,
		Nautilus shell (Complete and T.S.), Chiton, Dentalium
	Echinodermata:	Asterias, Echinus Ophiothrix, Antedon
	Hemichordata:	Balanoglossus
2.	Study of permanent	Trachea and mouth parts of insects
	stained preparations:	Radula and osphradium of <i>Pila</i>
		T.S. Star fish (Arm)
3.	Study of	Mouth parts of <i>Periplaneta</i>
4.	Demonstration using	Digestive and nervous system of <i>Periplaneta</i>
	charts/models/software	
5.	Ecology:	Study of animal adaptations with the help of specimens, charts & models
		Study of abiotic and biotic components of an ecosystem
		Study of different types of nests in birds
		Study and preparation of charts Zoogeographical realms
6.	Assignment	

four la ford they and &

Guidelines for conduct of practical Examination: -

1	Identify and classify the anadamana up to ander White a note on their helit	-
1.	Identify and classify the specimens up to order. Write a note on their habit,	О
	habitat, special features and economic importance.	
2.	Identify the slides/models and give two reasons for identification.	6
3.	Identify the adaptive feature of animals/nest.	4
4.	Mark the distribution of animals of a realm on the map.	3
5.	Project/ Assignment report	2
6.	Viva-voce & Practical file.	4

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO-1.	Differentiate invertebrates on the basis of morphological characteristics
CO-2.	Understand the comparative structure of invertebrates
CO-3.	Have an insight about the internal systems of different invertebrates
CO-4.	Have a knowledge about different phyla of invertebrates

fam la for they done &

B.Sc. Medical Semester III ZOO-231: ZOOLOGY

> Theory Paper 231A: 25 Theory Paper 231B: 25 Practical 231P: 25 Internal assessment: 25

> > **Total Marks: 100**

Theory ZOO-231A: EVOLUTION

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which five are to be attempted.

- 2) Question 1 will be compulsory and will be of 5 short answer type (one mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions shall include two questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Each question carries 5 marks. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Describe the theory of natural selection and origin of life
2.	Understand how species evolve
3.	Describe evolutionary history of man
4.	Describe origin of species on earth

UNIT-I

- Introduction to evolution & its significance.
- Evidences of organic evolution: Morphological, embryological, paleontological, biochemical, bio-geographical, taxonomical & cytological
- Theories of organic evolution: Lamarckism, Darwinism, Mutation Theory, Neo-Darwinism etc.

UNIT-II

- Origin of life: Mechanistic & Materialistic theories in detail
- Origin of prokaryotic & eukaryotic cells
- Concept of micro, macro and mega-evolution.
- Concept of Species
- Speciation & Role of Natural Selection in speciation

UNIT-III

- Fossils, its types, significance & evolutionary rate
- Evolutionary trends in Origin of Reptiles & their Extinction
- Evolution of man (in Brief)

Sam ho Bond they on & &

Page 16 of 51

UNIT-IV

- Fish migration, its types with examples
- Parental Care in Pisces
- Fish scales- types and functions
- Fins- their origin & types
- Poisonous & Non-poisonous snakes, Poison apparatus
- Flight adaptation: morphological, anatomical and physiological
- Bird migration- types & advantages
- Adaptive radiation and Dentition in Mammals

Suggested Readings:-

- 1. Avers, C. J.(1989). Evolution Process and Pattern in Evolution, Oxford University, Press, New York, Oxfor.
- 2. Ayala, F. J. and Valentine J. W. (1979). Evolving the theory and Process of Organic Evolution, Benjamin Cumming.
- 3. Bhamarah, H.S.(1993), Juneka K., Cytogenetics & Evolution, Anmol Publication Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Brookfield, A. P. (1986). Modern aspects of Evolution. Hutchinson London, Melbourne.
- 5. Colbert. E.H.(1989), Evolution of Vertebrates, (2nd ed), Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 6. Dobzhansky, Ayala, Stebbins & Valentine (1952), Evolution W.H. Freeman.
- 7. Gallow, P. (1983). Evolutionary principles. Chapman and Hall.
- 8. Freeman, S. and Herron, Jon C. (2007). Evolutionary analysis, Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- 9. Futuyma, D. J. (1998), Evolutionary Biology, Sinauer Assoc. Inc. Pub. USA.
- 10. Meglitsch, P. A. (1991), Invertebrate Zoology (3rd ed), Oxford University Press.
- 11. Minkoff, E. C. (1983), Evolutionary Biology, Addison Wesley Pub. Co., London.
- 12. Wen-Hsiung Li (1997), Molecular Evolution, Sinauer associates Inc. Pub. USA.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO-1.	To develop an understanding of concept of evolution & different proposed theories of
	evolution
CO-2.	To develop understanding of origin of life and concept of species and speciation
CO-3.	To familiarize students with topics related to fossils, reptile origin & extinction, origin
	of man
CO-4.	To teach students about poisonous and non-poisonous snakes & poison apparatus in
	snakes
CO-5.	To develop basic knowledge of migratory and parental investment in fishes

four la ford they do &

Theory ZOO-231B: BIODIVERSITY-III (CHORDATES)

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

- 1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which five are to be attempted.
- 2) Question 1 will be compulsory and will be of 5 short answer type (one mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions shall include two questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Each question carries 5 marks. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Understand what the chordates are.
2.	Understand different categories of chordates.
3.	Understand the general characters of chordates.
4.	Understands the level of organization in chordate subphylum.

UNIT-I

- Urochordata- External features and affinities of Herdmania
- **Cephalochordata-**Type study:
 - o *Amphioxus* (External Features, Body wall, Digestive system, Respiratory system, Blood vascular system, Nervous system, Urinogenital system).

UNIT-II

- **Cyclostomata:** External Characters of *Petromyzon*
- Affinities of Cyclostomata
- **Pisces-**Type study:
 - o *Labeo* (External Features, Body wall, Digestive system, Respiratory system, Blood vascular system, Nervous system, Urinogenital system).
 - Economic importance of fishes

UNIT-III

- **Amphibia-**Type study:
 - Frog (External features, digestive system, respiratory system, blood vascular system, nervous system-brain & cranial nerves, sense organs, urinogenital system)
 - o Economic importance of Amphibians
- **Reptilia-**Type study:
 - Uromastix, (External features, digestive system, respiratory system, blood vascular system, nervous system-brain & cranial nerves, sense organs, urinogenital system)
 - o Economic importance of reptiles

form by ford on & &

UNIT-IV

• **Aves-**Type study:

- Pigeon (External features, digestive system, respiratory system, blood vascular system, nervous system-brain & cranial nerves, sense organs, urinogenital system)
- o Economic importance of birds

• **Mammals-**Type study:

 Rat (External features, digestive system, respiratory system, blood vascular system, nervous system-brain & cranial nerves, sense organs, Urinogenital system)

Suggested Reading:-

- 1. Dhami, P.S. & Dhami J.K. (1998), Vertebrates, R. Chand & Co., New Delhi.
- 2. Goodrich, E. S. (1958), Structure and Development of Vertebrates, Vol. I and II. D. E. Publication, New York.
- 3. Hildebrand, M. and Goslow. Jr. G.E. (2001), Analysis of Vertebrates Structure, John Wiley, N. Y.
- 4. Jollie, M. (1968), Chordate Morphology, Reinhold, New York.
- 5. Kardong, K. V. (1995), Vertebrates Comparative Anatomy, Function, Evolution. W.B.C. Pub., Oxford.
- 6. Kent, G. C. and Carr, R. K. (2001), Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates (9th ed), McGraw Hill Higher Education, New York.
- 7. Linzey, D. (2001), Vertebrate Biology, McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New York.
- 8. Pough, F. H., Heiser, J. B. and McFarland, W. N. (1990), Vertebrate Life (3rd ed), Macmillan Pub. Co., New York.
- 9. Young, J. Z. (1982), The Life of Vertebrates, New York.
- 10. Parker, T.J. and Haswell, W.A (1981) Text Book of Zoology, Vol. II (Vertebrates), ELBS and Macmillian Press Ltd.

COURSE OUTCOMES

COCINE CCICONIES		
CO-1.	Understand of internal system of chordates	
CO-2.	Understand of interrelationships of chordates; their characteristics and affinities	
CO-3.	Understanding the basis of their relation to other animals by body structure, external	
	characters	
CO-4.	Knowledge of all anatomical features and working of various body organs	
CO-5.	Understand the underlying principles of classification of animals	
CO-6.	Understand the differences and similarities in the various aspects of anatomical	
	features of chordates	
CO-7.	Understand Protochordates- Urochordates and cephalochordates	

four la ford they do le &

Practical

ZOO-231P: (Related to **ZOO-231A** and **ZOO-231B**)

Periods/week: 6

Credit Hours: 4.5 hrs
Total Hours: 67.5 hrs

Marks: 25

Important Note for Practical:

1) Candidates are required to submit their original note books containing record of their laboratory work.

- 2) Wherever possible, students must be taken out for excursion to the field (Zoological gardens, sea shores, ponds and hill stations etc.) to study habitat and ecology of the animals.
- 3) As per the latest UGC guidelines (D. O. No. F. 14-6/2014(CPP-II) dated 01-08-2014) the dissections should not be conducted. The guidelines on this issue are available on the UGC website: www.ugc.ac.in

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Classify vertebrates up to order level.	
2.	Understand habits and habitats of vertebrates and their morphological characters	
	along with their economic importance.	
3.	Study digestive, circulatory, nervous and urino-genital system of <i>Herdmania</i> ,	
	Labeo, Chick and rat.	
4.	Understand evolutionary phenomena: homology and analogy.	
5.	Study fossils and evolution in Horse, Elephant and Man.	

	Classification up to order level, except in case of Pisces and Aves where classification up to subclass level, habits, habitat, external characters and economic importance (if any) of the following animals is required:		
Urochordata			
Cephalochor			
Cyclostomat	a: Myxine, Petromyzon & Ammocoetes Larva.		
Chondrichth	yes: Zygaena, Pristis, Narcine, Trygon, Rhinobatus and Chimaera		
Actinoptergi			
	Syngnathus, Exocoetus, Anabas, Diodon, Tetradon, Echeneis and Solea.		
Dipneusti:	Protopterus (African lung fish)		
Amphibia:	Uraeotyphlus, Necturus, Amphiuma, Amblystoma and its Axolotl Larva,		
	Triton, Salamandra, Hyla, Rhycophorus		
Reptilia:	Hemidactylus, Calotes, Draco, Varanus, Phrynosoma, Chameleon,		
	Typhlops, Python, Eryx, Ptyas, Bungarus, Naja, Hydrus, Vipera,		
	Crocodilus, Gavialis, Chelone (turtle) and Testudo (tortoise),		
	Differences in non-poisonous and poisonous snakes.		
Aves:	Casuarius, Ardea, Anas, Milvus, Pavo, Eudynamics, Tyto and		
	Alcedo.		
Mammalia:	Ornithorynchus, Echidna, Didelphis, Macropus, Panthera,		
	Loris, Macaca, Manis, Hystrix, Funambulus, Canis, Herpestes,		
	Capra, Pteropus		

Som he for they on & &

II.	Study of the following systems with the help of charts/models/videos:	
	Herdmania	General anatomy
	Labeo	Digestive and reproductive systems, heart, afferent and branchial
		arteries, cranial nerves and internal ear.
	Chick	Digestive, arterial, venous and urino-genital systems.
	White Rat	Digestive, arterial, venous and urino-genital systems
III.	Study of	Whole mount of Pharynx of Herdmania and Amphioxus
	permanent slides	T.S. Amphioxus through various regions, Pharynx of Amphioxus
		Cycloid scales of Labeo
		Blood smear of mammal
		Histology of rat/rabbit (compound tissues)
IV	Demonstration of evolutionary phenomena: homology, analogy, mimicry, crypsis.	
V	Study of	horse/elephant/man
	evolution	
VI	Study of fossils	
VII.	Assignment	

Guidelines for conduct of Practical Examination:

1.	Identify and classify the given specimen.	
2.	Identify the given system of the animal from chart/model. Draw a well	6
	labelled diagram.	
3.	Identify the given slide stating two reasons for its identification.	3
4.	Identify evolutionary phenomenon and give its significance.	3
5.	Project/ Assignment report	3
6.	Viva-voce & Practical file.	4

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO-1.	Understanding of use of various levels of classification of animals and significance		
	of effective use the six levels of classification		
CO-2.	Classify animals on the basis of their relation to other animals by body structure,		
	external characters		
CO-3.	In-depth knowledge of museology- placement and arrangement of animals		
	depicting their classification and interrelationships		
CO-4.	Understanding of various concepts relevant to classification		
CO-5.	Understanding of anatomy of vertebrates		
CO-6.	Gain knowledge to identify various animals based on morphological features.		
CO-7.	Gain knowledge to distinguish between poisonous and non-poisonous snakes		
CO-8.	The student will be able to describe the morphology, habit and habitat. Systematic		
	position and various systems		
CO-9.	Identified the taxonomic status of the entire chordates and discussed the		
	evolutionary model of the group.		
CO-10.	O. To make them aware of the economic importance		
	of some classes		
CO-11.	To understand organs through permanent slides		
CO-12.	Imparted the knowledge on ecology of some important fishes, amphibians reptiles,		
	birds and mammals		

fam lo for they done &

B.Sc. Medical Semester IV ZOO-241: ZOOLOGY

Theory Paper 241A: 25 Theory Paper 241B: 25

Practical 241P: 25 Internal assessment: 25

Total Marks: 100

Theory ZOO-241A: BIOCHEMISTRY

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which five are to be attempted.

- 2) Question 1 will be compulsory and will be of 5 short answer type (one mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions shall include two questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Each question carries 5 marks. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Understand the difference between micro-molecules and macromolecules.	
2.	Understand structure and function of carbohydrates, proteins, lipids and nucleic acids	
3.	Understand the nature of enzymes and how to classify them.	
4.	Understand the metabolism of lipid, carbohydrate and proteins.	

UNIT-I

- Biochemistry and its scope;
- Classification, structure and functions of:
 - o Carbohydrate
 - o Proteins
 - o Lipids
 - Nucleic acids
- Stereochemistry of carbohydrates
- Essential Amino acids and fatty acids

UNIT-II

- Enzymes:
 - Nature, classification and their functions
 - o Coenzymes
 - Cofactors
- Lipid Metabolism:
 - \circ β -Oxidation of fatty acid
 - o Ketosis and its significance

for he for the for the for

Page 22 of 51

UNIT -III

• Carbohydrate Metabolism:

- o Glycolysis (The Embden Meyerhof Parnas Pathway)
- o Tricarboxylic acid cycle
- Hexose monophosphate shunt
- o Glycogenesis
- o Glycogenolysis
- o Gluconeogenesis
- o Oxidative Phosphorylation

UNIT -IV

• Protein Metabolism:

Hydrolysis of proteins

• Metabolism of amino acids

- Oxidative deamination
- Transamination
- Decarboxylation
- Ornithine cycle

Suggested Reading:-

- 1. Fischer, J. and Arriold, J.R.P. (2001). Instant notes in Chemistry for Biologists, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Harper, H.A. (2000): Harper's Biochemistry (25th ed).
- 3. Holde, K.E.V., Johnson, W.C. and Shing, P. (1998). Principles of Physical Biochemistry Prentice Hall, Inc., USA.
- 4. Lehninger, A (2000). Principles of Biochemistry, (3rd ed).
- 5. Morris, H. Best, L.R., Pattison, S., Arerna, S. (2001). Introduction to General Organic Biochemistry, (7th ed), Wadsworth Group.
- 6. Rawn, J.D. (1989), Biochemistry, Niel Patterson Publication U.S.A. North Carolina.
- 7. Robert, K., Murray, Mayes Daryl, K. Granner, Victor, W., Woodwell (1990), Harper's Biochemistry, 22nd Edition, Prentice Hall International Inc.
- 8. Sheehon, D (2000). Physical Biochemistry: Principles and Applications John Wiley & Sons Ltd., England.
- 9. Stryer, L. (1988). Biochemistry (3rd ed), San Francisco W.H. Freeman.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO-1.	Understand the mechanisms that work to keep the animal alive and functioning		
CO-2.	Biochemical understanding through scientific enquiry into the nature of		
	mechanical, physical, and biochemical functions of animals		
CO-3.	Understand and have in-depth knowledge of intermediate biochemical		
	pathways and cycles		
CO-4.	Understand macromolecule such as carbohydrates, protein and fat, their types and		
	significance. Draw the structures of various carbohydrates, lipids and amino acids.		
CO-5.	Classify enzymes with examples and understand mechanism of enzyme action and		
	factors affecting the enzyme activity		
CO-6.	Discuss the oxidation of fatty acids and its significance		
CO-7.	Illustrate the electron transport chain and oxidative phosphorylation		
CO-8.	Illustrate the reactions, energetics and regulation of glycolysis, glycogen		
	biosynthesis, TCA cycle etc.		

four la ford they on & &

Theory ZOO-241B: ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

- 1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which five are to be attempted.
- 2) Question 1 will be compulsory and will be of 5 short answer type (one mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions shall include two questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Each question carries 5 marks. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Understand the metabolic activities in the body of animals.	
2.	Understand the various biomolecules in body.	
3.	Understand the structural chemistry of endocrine system.	
4.	Understand the structure and function of blood.	
5.	Understand the process of digestion.	
6.	Understand the types of mechanism of working of nerve cells.	
7.	Understand the gaseous transport and the structure involved in gaseous transport.	

UNIT-I

• Digestion:

- o Types of Digestion: Intracellular & Extracellular digestion
- Digestion of dietary constituents: Carbohydrates, Proteins, Fats and Nucleic acids
- o Regulation of digestive processes
- Absorption of digested food components
- Enzymatic digestion and symbiotic digestion.

• Respiration:

- o Transport of Respiratory Gases in Blood: Transport of O₂ and CO₂
- o Oxygen dissociation curve of haemoglobin
- o Bohr effect, Chloride shift and Haldane effect
- o Control of breathing: Respiratory centres & their biological significance

UNIT -II

• Heart:

- o Origin, conduction and regulation of heart beat
- o Cardiac cycle and Cardiac output
- o Electrocardiogram
- o Blood pressure and micro-circulation

• Blood:

- Composition and functions of blood and lymph
- o Blood clotting, anticoagulants, Role of vitamin K in blood clotting
- o Blood groups including Rh factor
- o Haemopoiesis: Erythropoiesis, Leucopoiesis, Thrombopoiesis; haemostasis

• Excretion:

- Physiology of Urine formation
- o Osmoregulation, water and solute regulation in different habitats

four la ford on & &

UNIT -III

Muscles:

- Ultrastructure of skeletal muscle
- o Chemical and physiological basis of skeletal muscle contraction

• Neural Integration:

- Structure of neuron
- o Resting membrane potential
- Origin and propagation of impulse along the axon, synapse and myoneural junction

UNIT -IV

• Physiology of Behaviour:

- o Taxes and reflexes and its significance
- o Instinctive behaviour and motivation
- Learning, types of learning and reasoning

• Endocrine:

 Structure, hormones, functions and disorders in endocrine glands: Thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal, hypothalamus, pituitary, pancreas and gonads

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Bhamarah, H.S., Juneka K., Cytogenetics & Evolution, Anmol Publication Pvt. Ltd., 1993.
- 2. Colbert. E.H., Evolution of Vertebrates, II Edition, Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1989.
- 3. Dobzhansky, Ayala, Stebbins & Valentine, Evolution W.H. Freeman, 1952.
- 4. Dhami, P.S. & Dhami J.K., Vertebrates, R. Chand & Co., New Delhi, 1998.
- 5. Guyton, A.S., Text Book of Medical Physiology, 7th Edition, W.B. Saunders Company, 1994.
- 6. Lehninger, A., Principles of Biochemistry, Worth Publishers, Inc., USA, 2000.
- 7. Parker, T.J. and Haswell, W.A, Text Book of Zoology, Vol. II (Vertebrates), ELBS and Macmillian Press Ltd., 1981.
- 8. Robert, K., Murray, Mayes Daryl, K. Granner, Victor, W., Woodwell, Harper's Biochemistry, 22nd Edition, Prentice Hall International Inc., 1990.
- 9. Taneja, S.K., Biochemistry & Animal Physiology, Trueman Book Co., 1997.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO-1.	To develop understanding of the various fundamental concepts related to	
	physiology of digestion & absorption	
CO-2.	To develop understanding of circulatory system and blood components	
CO-3.	To familiarize students with topics related to nervous and muscular system and	
	their working	
CO-4.	To teach students the various aspects of respiratory system and exchange of	
	respiratory gases	
CO-5.	To develop basic knowledge of innate and acquired behaviours	
CO-6.	To develop an understanding of endocrine glands, their functioning and associated	
	disorders	

four he for they done &

Practical

ZOO-141P: (Related to **ZOO-141A** and **ZOO-141B**)

Periods/week: 6 Credit Hours: 4.5 hrs **Total Hours: 67.5 hrs** Marks: 25

Time: 3 Hrs

Important Note for Practical:

- 1. Candidates are required to submit their original note books containing records of their laboratory work.
- 2. Wherever possible, students must be taken out for excursion to the field (Zoological gardens, sea shores, ponds and hill stations etc.) to study habitat and ecology of the animals. As per the latest UGC guidelines (D.O.No. F. 14-6/2014(CPP-II) dated 01-08-2014) the dissections should not be conducted. The guidelines on this issue are available on the UGC website: www.ugc.ac.in

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Study the skeleton of vertebrates.	
2.	Study various macromolecules present in food stuffs.	
3.	Demonstrate the presence of amylase in saliva.	
4.	Demonstrate various blood tests in Man.	
5.	Analyse urine for urea, chloride, glucose and uric acid.	

1.	Study of the skeleton	Rana, Scoliodon, Varanus, Gallus and Oryctolagus	
2.	Identification of food	starch, glucose, proteins and fats	
	stuffs in solution		
3.	Demonstration	osmosis and diffusion	
4.	Demonstrate the	Saliva and its denaturation by pH and temperature.	
	presence of amylase in:		
5.	Determination	coagulation and bleeding time of blood in man/rat/rabbit	
		blood groups of human blood sample	
		haemoglobin content of human blood	
6.	Recording	blood pressure of man	
7.	Urine Analysis	for urea, chloride, glucose and uric acid	
8.	Field study: Visit to a fossil Park/Lab/Science city and submit a report.		
9.	Familiarity with the local vertebrate fauna		

Note: Some changes can be made in the practical depending on the availability of material.

Guidelines for conduct of Practical Examination:

1.	Identify the given bones. Make labelled sketches of their respective-views.	6
2.	Write down the procedure and determine the constituent in the given sample.	6
3.	Write the procedure and perform the given physiology experiment.	5
4.	Report on visit to fossil park/study of local vertebrate fauna.	4
5.	Viva-voce & Practical file.	4

for he for D they on & &

Page 26 of 51

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO-1.	Analyse vertebrate skeletal system
CO-2.	Compare and contrast the skeletons of fish, frog, lizard, bird and a mammal
CO-3.	Development skill for the observation of blood cells and haemin crystals.
CO-4.	Attain knowledge of qualitative analysis of macromolecules, excretory products,
	blood glucose and cholesterol
CO-5.	Illustrate the enzyme activity from suitable material.
CO-6.	Demonstrate the effect of various physical and chemical factors on enzyme
	activity
CO-7.	This also will provide a basic understanding of the experimental methods and
	designs that can be used for further study and research.

fam la for D they on & &

B.Sc. Medical Semester V ZOO-351: ZOOLOGY

Theory Paper 351A: 25 Theory Paper 351B: 25 Practical 351P: 25 Internal assessment: 25

Total Marks: 100

Theory ZOO-351A: DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

- 1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which five are to be attempted.
- 2) Question 1 will be compulsory and will be of 5 short answer type (one mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions shall include two questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Each question carries 5 marks. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Understand how organisms maintain gametic population.	
2.	Understand fertilization process.	
3.	Understand way of cleavage and different patterns to form zygote.	
4.	Understand the fundamental embryonic development.	
5.	Understand the complete process of formation of germ layers.	

Unit-I

- Gametogenesis
 - o Oogenesis
 - o Spermatogenesis (with particular reference to Spermiogenesis)
 - → Vitellogenesis
- Egg maturation, egg membranes
- Types of eggs
- Parthenogenesis
- Fertilization and Amphimixis

Unit-II

- Cleavage and its patterns; Types of Blastulae
- Gastrulation- Morphogenetic movements
- Cell Determination- Ooplasmic determinants
- Cell differentiation
- Tissue interactions, basic concepts of organizers and inductors and their role
- Embryonic development of *Herdmania*

four la ford on & &

Page 28 of 51

Unit-III

- Development up to three germinal layers and their fate in frog and chick
- Fate maps of chick and frog embryos
- Metamorphosis in Frog

Unit-IV

- Early embryonic development of rabbit
- Foetal (embryonic) membranes, their formation and role
- Mammalian placenta-its formation, types and functions
- Regeneration

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Balinsky, B.I. (1981), An Introduction to Embryology, Saunders, Philadelphia.
- 2. Bellairs, R. (1971), Development Processes in Higher Vertebrates, University of Miami Press, Miami.
- 3. Berrill. N.J. (1971), Developmental Biology. McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 4. Ebert, J.D. & Sussex, IM. (1970), Interacting Systems in Development, Holt, Rinehart and Winston, New York
- 5. Gilbert, F. (2000), Developmental Biology, Sinaur.
- 6. Goel, S.C. (1984), Principles and Animal Developmental Biology, Himalaya, Bombay.
- 7. Grant, P. (1978), Biology of Developing System.
- 8. Karp. G. & Berrill, M.J. (1981), Development. McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 9. Loomis, W.F. (1986), Developmental Biology Macmillan, New York.
- 10. Miller, W.A. (1997), Developmental Biology Springer Verlag, New York.
- 11. Oppenheimer, J.M. and Willer, B.H. (1964), Foundation of Experimental Embryology, Prentice-Hall, New Delhi.
- 12. Pritchard, D.J. (1986), Foundation of Development Genetics, Taylor and Francis, London.
- 13. Saunders, J.W. (1982), Developmental Biology, Patterns, Principles, Problems, MacMillan, New York.
- 14. Spratt, N.T. Jn. (1971), Developmental Biology, Wordsworth, Belmont, Co.
- 15. Waddigton CH. (1966), Principles of Development and Differentiation, MacMillan, New York.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO-1.	Learn the concepts of developmental biology	
CO-2.	Understand gametogenesis process, process of differentiation of eggs and sperms	
	before fertilization and Vitellogenesis.	
CO-3.	Understand the events that led up to and comprise the process of fertilization	
CO-4.	Know about the cleavage, gastrulation and differentiation	
CO-5.	Know about the macro-, meso- and micromeres which form into specific cells in	
	the embryo	
CO-6.	Understanding and significance of regeneration and metamorphosis	
CO-7.	Know about the embryonic development of <i>Herdmania</i> , frog, chick and rabbit	
CO-8.	Knowledge about mammalian placenta, its formation, types and function	
CO-9.	Understand the process of regeneration, ageing and finally death	

four la ford they on &

Theory ZOO-351B: GENETICS

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

- 1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which five are to be attempted.
- 2) Question 1 will be compulsory and will be of 5 short answer type (one mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions shall include two questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Each question carries 5 marks. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Understand how the behaviour of chromosomes during meiosis can explain Mendel's		
	law.		
2.	Understand how inheritance patterns are affected by position on chromosomes.		
3.	Understand the similarities and differences between how genetic information is		
	passed on in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.		
4.	Understand gene interactions.		
5.	Understand the chemical nature of heredity.		

Unit-I

- **Mendelian genetics:** Law of segregation, Independent assortment, dominance and co-dominance.
- **Modification of Mendelian Ratios:** Non-allelic gene interaction, Modified F₂ ratios (9:7; 9:3:4; 12:3:1; 13:3; 15:1; 9:6:1), Gene modifications due to incomplete dominance; lethal factors (2:1); Pleiotropic genes.
- Multiple Alleles: Blood group inheritance, eye colour in *Drosophila*, pseudoallelism.
- **Multiple Factors:** Qualitative and quantitative characters, inheritance of quantitative traits (skin colour in man)
- Linkage: Linkage, linkage groups, sex-linked characters, chromosomal map.
- Crossing Over and Recombination: crossing over, frequency of crossing over, Synaptonemal complex, cytological basis of crossing over, Crossing over in post-replication tetrad stage (*Neurospora crassa* experiment)

Unit-II

- Structure of nucleic acids: DNA & RNA.
- Replication & transcription of DNA
- Expression of gene: Protein synthesis in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes.
- **Genetic code:** Properties of genetic code, codon assignment, wobble hypothesis, exceptions as in split and overlapping genes

Unit-III

- Mutations: Classification of mutations: Spontaneous and induced mutations, Somatic
 and germinal mutations, Point and gross mutations, Forward and reverse mutations,
 Insertion and deletion; Mutagens: Physical and chemical mutagens. Inborn errors of
 metabolism in man (Phenylketonuria, Alkaptonuria, Albinism). Somatic mutations
 and carcinogenesis.
- Regulation of gene expressions in prokaryotes (Operon model) and in eukaryotes.
- Extra nuclear inheritance: Chloroplast with special reference to *Mirabilis jalapa* and kappa particles in *Paramecium*, maternal gene effect.

Unit-IV

- **Population genetics:** Equilibrium of gene frequencies and Hardy-Weinberg law.
- **Genetic recombination** in bacteria (conjugation, transduction and transformation): plasmids as vectors.
- **Applied Genetics:** Recombinant DNA technology, Gene cloning and its applications in medicine and agriculture, DNA fingerprinting and its applications.

Suggested readings:

- 1. Ayala, F.J. & Kiger, Jr. J.A. (1980), Modern Genetics. The Benjamin Cummings Publishing Co. Inc.
- 2. Brown T.A. (1992), Genetics- A Molecular Approach, (2nd ed), Van Nostrand Rainhold
- 3. Gardener, E.J., Simmons, M.T.J. & Sunstad, D.P. (1999), Principles of Genetics, (8th Ed), John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- 4. Miglani, G.S. (2000), Basic Genetics, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 5. Satson, J.D. et. al. (1987), Molecular Biology of Gene (4th ed. vol. I & II), The Benjamin /Cummings Publishing Co., Inc.
- 6. Weaver, R.F. and Hedrick, P.W. (1992), Genetics, Wm. C. Brown Publishers Dubuque.
- 7. Winter, P.C., Hickey, G.I. and Fletcher, H.L. (1999), Instant notes in Genetics, New Delhi
- 8. Zubay. U.G. (1987), Genetics, The Cummings Publishing Co., Inc.

COURSE OUTCOMES

~ 4	
CO-1.	Acquire a broad understanding of Genetics including the physical and chemical
	basis of heredity.
CO-2.	Understand the basic organization and chemical composition of prokaryotic and
	eukaryotic genomes.
CO-3.	Understand genetic phenomenon like linkage, crossing over and chromosomal
	mapping
CO-4.	Understand gene expression and regulation mechanisms among prokaryotes and
	eukaryotes & basic aspects of flow of genetic information from DNA to Protein
CO-5.	Distinguish between maternal effect, sex-linked, and extra nuclear modes of
	inheritance.
CO-6.	Have a better understanding of bacterial genetics and means of genetic
	recombination
CO-7.	Understand the role of genetic technologies in industry related to pharmaceuticals,
	biotechnology, and diagnostic clinics.

Practical ZOO-351P: (Related to ZOO-351A and ZOO-351B)

Periods/week: 6 Credit Hours: 4.5 hrs
Total Hours: 67.5 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Important Note for Practical:

- 1. Candidates are required to submit their original note books containing record of their laboratory work.
- 2. Wherever possible, students must be taken out for excursion to the field (Zoological gardens, sea shores, ponds and hill stations etc.) to study habitat and ecology of the animals.
- 3. As per the latest UGC guidelines the dissections may please be avoided. In no case an animal falling under the categories of wildlife protection act 1972 should be caught or dissected. The rules of the Prevention of cruelty to Animals act 1960 should be familiar to all who are teaching the zoology courses. The guidelines on this issue are also available on the UGC website: www.ugc.ac.in

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Demonstrate the law of segregation and independent assortment and solve numerical
	problems related to them, Epistasis and blood group inheritance.
2.	Demonstration of segregation in preserved Maize and cytoplasmic inheritance in
	snail.
3.	Study permanent slide of polytene chromosome and Barr body.
3.	Study permanent slide of polytene chromosome and Barr body. Study different developmental stages of fresh water snail, frog and chick.
	Study different developmental stages of fresh water snail, frog and chick.

1.	Demonstration	Law of segregation and Independent assortment (use of coloured beads	
		capsules etc.)	
		Segregation in preserved material (Maize)	
		Cytoplasmic inheritance in snails	
2.	Numerical	Segregation	
		Independent assortment	
		Epistasis	
3.	Inheritance	Inheritance of human characteristics (ability to taste PTC, thio urea)	
4.	Variance	Comparison of Pod length and number of seeds/pods	
5.	Calculation	Gene frequencies	
		Random mating (coloured beads, capsules)	
6.	Pedigree analys	is	
7.	Preparation	Polytene Chromosomes of <i>Chironomus</i>	
		Dermatoglyphics: Palm print and fingertip patterns	
		Barr body from cheek cells	
8.	Study of the	Stages of gametogenesis, structure of egg and sperm of a mammal	
	permanent	Larva of <i>Herdmania</i>	
	slides	Developmental stages of freshwater snail (Limnaea),	
		Frog up to tadpole	
		Chick up to 96 hrs	
9.	Preparation of c	harts showing various life stages of any vertebrate	
10.	Preparation of slide for Barr body from cheek cells		

Note: - Some changes can be made in the practical depending on the availability of material.

Guidelines for conduct of Practical Examination:

1.	Two Numerical based on Mendel/Hardy Weinberg Law.	8
2.	Perform the experiment for Dermatoglyphic/Random mating/Variance.	5
3.	Identification of given spots.	4
4.	Make a pedigree chart from the given data.	4
5.	Viva-voce and practical file.	4

COURSE OUTCOMES

~ ~ .	
CO-1.	Understand the law of segregation and independent assortment and solve numerical
	problems related to them.
CO-2.	Solve numerical problems related to Epistasis and blood group inheritance
CO-3	Demonstration of segregation in preserved material: Maize
CO-4.	Understanding cytoplasmic inheritance inn snail.
CO-5.	Prepare permanent slide of polytene chromosome and Barr body.
CO-6.	Identify different developmental stages of fresh water snail, frog and chick.
CO-6.	Understand and calculate gene frequencies and random mating analysis
CO-7	Analyse variance in pea pod

B.Sc. Medical Semester VI ZOO-361: ZOOLOGY

Theory Paper 361A: 25 Theory Paper 361B: 25 Practical 361P: 25 Internal assessment: 25 Total Marks: 100

This course offers 3 options and student can opt any one -

Options	ZOO-361A	ZOO-361B
(i)	Medical Zoology	Medical Laboratory Technology
(ii)	Economic Entomology I	Economic Entomology II
(iii)	Inland Fisheries (Aquaculture)-I	Inland Fisheries (Aquaculture)-II

Theory

ZOO-361A: OPTION (i) MEDICAL ZOOLOGY

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which five are to be attempted.

2) Question 1 will be compulsory and will be of 5 short answer type (one mark each).

3) The remaining 8 questions shall include two questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Each question carries 5 marks. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Understand various pathogenic microbes and diseases caused by them, their	
	occurrence and eradication programmes.	
2.	Understand the life history, mode of infection and pathogenicity of pathogenic	
	protozoans and Helminths.	
3.	Study the life cycle and control measures of arthropod vectors of human disease.	
4.	Understand human defence mechanisms and study the structure and function of	
	antibodies.	

UNIT-I

- Introduction of Parasitology: Pertaining to various terminologies in use. Classification of Parasites and Hosts, Definitions: Phoresis, Hyperparasitism, Superparasitism, Brood Parasitism, Parasitoids.
- Brief introduction to pathogenic Microbes: Viruses, Ricketsiae, Spirochaetes and Bacteria.
- **Epidemic disease**: Typhoid, Cholera, Smallpox; their occurrence and eradication programmes.

UNIT-II

- Life history, mode of infection and pathogenicity of the following pathogens with reference to man; prophylaxis and treatment:
 - a. **Pathogenic protozoans:** Entamoeba, Trypanosoma, Leishmania, Giardia, Trichomonas and Plasmodium.
 - b. **Pathogenic helminthes:** Fasciolopsis, Schistosoma, Echinococcus, Ancylostoma, Trichinella, Wuchereria, Dracunculus and Oxyuris.

UNIT-III

• Life cycle and control measures of arthropod vectors of human disease: Malaria (Anopheles stephens, A. culicifaces Yellow fever, Dengue and Dengue haemorrhagic fever, Chikungunya, (Aedes aegypti A. albopicuts); Filariasis (Culex pipien satigeans) Mansonia sp. Japanese Encephalitis (C. trinanelorhynchus); Plague (Stenophalide cheopis) and Epidemic Typhus (Pediculus spp).

UNIT-IV

- **Brief introduction to human defence mechanisms**: Types of immunity-innate and adaptive. Features of immune response, memory, specificity and recognition of self and non-self. Primary and secondary lymphoid organs.
- **Humoral and cell mediated immune response.** Physical & chemical properties of antigens.
- Antibodies structure, Classes and functions of immunoglobulins A, D, E, G and M.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Baker, F.J. and Silverton, R.E. (1985) Introduction to Medical Laboratory Technology, (6th ed), Butlerworth and Co. Ltd.
- 2. Chatterjee, K.D.(1995), Parasitology, Protozoology and Helminthology (12th ed).
- 3. Cheesborough, M.(1987), Medical Laboratory Technology for Tropical countries (2nd ed), Butlerworth and Co., Ltd.
- 4. Garcia, L.S.(2001), Diagnostic Medical Parasitology, (4th ed), ASM Press Washington.
- 5. Kimball, J.W. (1986), Introduction of Immunology, MacMillian Publishing Co., New York
- 6. Kuby, J.(2000), Immunology, W.H. Freeman & Co., USA.
- 7. Roitt, I. (1984), Essential Immunology, Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford.
- 8. Talib, V.H.(1999), Essential Laboratory Manual, Mehta Publishers, New Delhi.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO-1.	Learn about human defense mechanism, Humoral & Cell mediated immune
	responses.
CO-2.	Study of Pathogenic protozoans, helminthes, their pathogenicity, prophylaxis &
	treatment.
CO-3.	Learn about Pathogenic viruses, Ricketsiae, Spirochaetes, Bacteria etc.
CO-4.	Have insight into physiology, biochemistry, and reproduction and control measures
	of insect vectors.
CO-5.	Know about epidemic diseases like influenza, chickenpox, small pox etc. their
	prevention and control measures

Theory

ZOO-361B OPTION (i): MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNIQUES

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

- 1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which five are to be attempted.
- 2) Question 1 will be compulsory and will be of 5 short answer type (one mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions shall include two questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Each question carries 5 marks. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Study the interaction between antigens and antibody.
2.	Study various laboratory techniques.
3.	Understand various blood test and preservation of different clinical samples.
4.	Understand various parameters related to bacteriology.
5.	Understand principle and significance of techniques related to histopathology and
	biochemistry.

UNIT-I

- Antigens and antibody interactions- Sero-diagonstic assays (Precipitation, agglutination immunodiffusion, ELISA, RIA).
- **Vaccines:** conventional vaccines, Viral vaccines, Bacterial vaccines, peptide vaccines, genetically engineered vaccines
- **Laboratory Techniques:** Calorimetry, Microscopy, Autoclaving, Centrifugation and Spectrophotometry

UNIT-II

- Collection, transportation and preservation of different clinical samples.
- **Haematology:** collection of blood (venous and capillary) anticoagulants (merits and demerits)
- Romanowsky's stains, total RBC count, erythrocyte sedimentation rate, TLC, DLC, platelet count

UNIT-III

• **Bacteriology:** sterilization (dry heat, moist heat, autoclave, filtration), disinfection, staining techniques, (gram stain, AFB stain, etc.), culture media (defined and synthetic media & routine laboratory media), bacterial culture (aerobic and anaerobic) and antibiotic sensitivity.

UNIT-IV

- **Histopathology:** Common fixatives and staining techniques
- **Biochemistry**: Principle/ theory and significance of estimation of urea, sugar and cholesterol, creatinine, enzymes (serum transaminase, phosphatase, amylase and lipase), uric acid in blood; estimation of proteins, sugar, bile salts, ketone bodies in urine and liver function test.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Baker, F.J. and Silverton, R.E. (1985) Introduction to Medical Laboratory Technology, (6th ed), Butlerworth and Co. Ltd.
- 2. Chatterjee, K.D. (1995), Parasitology, Protozoology and Helminthology (12th ed).
- 3. Cheesborough, M. (1987), Medical Laboratory Technology for Tropical countries (2nded), Butlerworth and Co., Ltd.
- 4. Garcia, L.S. (2001), Diagnostic Medical Parasitology, (4th ed), ASM Press Washington.
- 5. Kimball, J.W. (1986), Introduction of Immunology, MacMillian Publishing Co., New York.
- 6. Kuby, J. (2000), Immunology, W.H. Freeman & Co., USA.
- 7. Roitt, I. (1984), Essential Immunology, Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford.
- 8. Talib, V.H. (1999), Essential Laboratory Manual, Mehta Publishers, New Delhi.

	000102 001001120	
CO-1.	Knowledge related to the techniques involved in detection of various diseases and	
	its associated pathology.	
CO-2.	Have practical skills of conducting basic clinical lab experiments.	
CO-3.	Apply knowledge of clinical science and pathology to day to day life.	
CO-4.	Understand impact of diseases and endo-parasites on human health	
CO-5.	Learn about Physiology of Human Immune response.	

Practical

ZOO-361P: (Related to Option (i) - ZOO-361A and ZOO-361B)

Periods/week: 6 Credit Hours: 4.5 hrs
Total Hours: 67.5 hrs
Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Important Note for Practical:

A. Candidates will be required to submit their original note books containing record of their laboratory work.

B. Wherever possible, students must be taken out for excursion to the field (Zoological gardens, sea shores, ponds and hill stations etc.) to study habitat and ecology of the animals.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Demonstrate various safety rules in laboratory.
2.	Understand cleaning and sterilization of glass ware.
3.	Examine physicochemical properties of urine.
4.	Study permanent slides of parasitic protozoans, Helminths and arthropods.
5.	Study various blood tests.

1.	Demonstration	Safety rules in laboratory like proper handling of patients, specimens
	of	and disposal of syringes, needles etc.
		Use of autoclave, centrifuge and spectrophotometer.
2.	Cleaning and	Glass ware using hot air oven, autoclave etc.
	sterilization of	
3.	Estimation of	ESR and haematocrit
		Blood sugar and protein.
4.	Physico-chemical examination of urine.	
5.	Preparation of thick and thin blood smears.	
6.	Counting of WBC, RBC and DLC.	
7.	Analysis of blood groups, A, B, AB, O and Rh.	
8.	Study of permaner	nt Parasitic Protozoans, Helminths and arthropods mentioned in the
	slides and specime	ens theory syllabus.
9.	Demonstration of	Fixation, embedding, cutting of tissue sections, and their staining
		(routine haematoxylin and eosin)
10.	Visit to a pathology Lab and preparation of report	

Note: - Some changes can be made in the practical depending on the availability of material

As per the latest UGC guidelines the dissections may please be avoided. In no case an animal falling under the categories of wildlife protection act 1972 should be caught or dissected. The rules of the Prevention of cruelty to Animals act 1960 should be familiar to all who are teaching the zoology courses. The guidelines on this issue are also available on the UGC website: www.ugc.ac.in

Guidelines for conduct of Practical Examination:

1.	Write down the principle and working of the given equipment.	6
2.	Write down the procedure, precautions and perform the experiment for physico-	6
	chemical examination of urine.	
3.	Perform an experiment on Haematology.	3
4.	Identification, pathogenicity and host of parasitic organism.	3
5.	Estimation of blood sugar/urea/cholesterol/ protein in the given sample.	3
6.	Viva-voce and practical file.	4

CO-1.	Students get to know about laboratory safety rules like proper handling of patients,	
	specimens, needles etc.	
CO-2.	Students will get technical knowhow regarding estimation of Haemoglobin level,	
	ESR, blood sugar, protein, cholesterol etc.	
CO-3.	Students will be able to prepare thick and thin blood films and counting of WBC,	
	RBC and DLC	
CO-4.	Students will be able to study the protozoans, parasitic helminthes, arthropods	
	vectors of various diseases through permanent slides	
CO-5.	Students will also perform physic-chemical examination of urine	
CO-5.	Students will be able to examine stool for intestinal parasite	

Theory ZOO-361A OPTION (ii): ECONOMIC ENTOMOLOGY-I

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

- 1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which five are to be attempted.
- 2) Question 1 will be compulsory and will be of 5 short answer type (one mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions shall include two questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Each question carries 5 marks. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- 1. Study Systematic position, habits and nature of damage of sugarcane, cotton, paddy, wheat and vegetables.
- 2. Study Systematic position, habits and nature of damage of pests of stored grains.
- 3. Study principle of sericulture, apiculture and lac culture.

UNIT-I

Systematic position, habits, life cycle, nature of damage and control measures of the following pests of crops:

A. Sugarcane:

- 1) Sugarcane leaf hopper (Pyrilla perpusilla)
- 2) Sugarcane top borer (Scirpophaga nivella/excerptalis)
- 3) Sugarcane stem borer (Chilotrea infuscatellus)
- 4) Stalk borer (Chilo auricilius)
- 5) Sugarcane termites

B. Cotton:

- 1) Pink bollworm (Pectinophora gossypiella)
- 2) Red cotton bug (Dysdercus cingulatus)
- 3) Cotton grey weevil (Myllocerus maculosus)
- 4) American bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)
- 5) Cotton jassid (Empoasca devastans)
- 6) Cotton whitefly (*Bemisia tabaci*)

UNIT-II

Systematic position, habits, life cycle, nature of damage and control measures of the following pests of crops:

C. Paddy:

- 1) Rice gundhy Bug (Leptocorisa varicornis)
- 2) Rice grasshopper (Heiroglyphus banian)
- 3) Rice Hispa (Dicladispa armigera)
- 4) Yellow stem borer (Scirpophaga incertulas)
- 5) Rice leaf folder (Cnaphalocrocis medinalis)

D. Wheat:

- 1) Wheat stem borer (Sesamia inferens).
- 2) Termites
- 3) Wheat Aphid (Sitobion miscanthi) and Jassid
- 4) Armyworm (*Mythima separata*)

UNIT-III

Systematic position, habits, life cycle, nature of damage and control measures of the following pests of vegetables and **stored grains**:

E. Vegetables:

- 1) Red pumpkin beetle (Aulacophora foveicollis)
- 2) Pumpkin fruit fly (Zeugodacus cucurbitae)
- 3) Hadda beetle (Epilachna vigintioctopunctata)
- 4) Cabbage caterpillar (Pieris brassicae)
- 5) Brinjal fruit and shoot borer (Leucinodes orbonalis)

F. Pests of stored grains:

- 1. Pulse Beetle (Callosobruchus maculatus)
- 2. Rice weevil (Sitophilus oryzae)
- 3. Khapra beetle (*Trogoderma granarium*)
- 4. Rust red flour beetle (*Tribolium castaneum*)
- 5. Rice moth (*Corcyra cephalonica*)
- 6. Lesser grain borer (*Rhizopertha dominica*)

UNIT-IV

Useful Insects: Classification, life cycle, commercial rearing, natural enemies (Diseases and Insect-pest) and economically beneficial products of-

- 1. Sericulture
- 2. Apiculture
- 3. Lac culture

Suggested Reading:

- 1. Alford, D.V. (1999), A text book of Agricultural Entomology. Blackwell Science Publishers, Cambridge, U.K.
- 2. Atwal, A.S. and Dhaliwal, G.S. (1997), Agricultural pest of South Asia and their management, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. Dhaliwal, G.S. and Arora, R. (1996), Principles of insect management, Globe offset Press, New Delhi.
- 4. Hill, D.S. (1993), Agricultural insect pests of the Tropics and their control (2nd Ed), Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, New York.

CO-1.	Acquaint with the common pests of our major crops and the damage caused.
CO-2.	Attack of various insect pests on stored grain and their control.
CO-3.	Learn how insects become pests.
CO-4.	Learn various methods to control the pests and acquire skills to control them.
CO-5.	Learn the importance of apiculture, sericulture and Lac culture.
CO-6.	Gain knowledge to define the concepts of Apiculture, Sericulture and lac culture.
CO-7.	Student will be able to explain the important pests of apiculture, sericulture and lac
	culture.

Theory ZOO-361B: OPTION (ii): ECONOMIC ENTOMOLOGY-II

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

- 1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which five are to be attempted.
- 2) Question 1 will be compulsory and will be of 5 short answer type (one mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions shall include two questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Each question carries 5 marks. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Study Systematic position, disease caused and control of the pests of Medical and Veterinary importance.
2.	Study mouth parts of the disease causing insects.
3.	Understand the concept of biological, chemical and integrated pest control.

UNIT-I

Systematic position, habits, life cycle, disease caused and control measures of the following pests of Medical and Veterinary importance:

- 1) Mosquitoes (Anopheles, Culex & Aedes)
- 2) Sand fly (Phlebotomus minutus)
- 3) House fly (Musca domestica)
- 4) Horse fly (*Tabanus striatus*)
- 5) Blow fly (Calliphora erythrocephala)
- 6) Warble fly (*Hypoderma lineatum*)
- 7) Fleas (*Xenopsylla*)
- 8) Poultry louse (Menopon gallinae)
- 9) Sucking louse (Haematopinus eurysternus)

UNIT-II

Detailed study of Mouth parts of:

- 1) Biting and chewing type- Cockroach, Grasshopper
- 2) Piercing and sucking type- Red cotton bug, Mosquito
- 3) Sponging type- House fly
- 4) Chewing and lapping type- Honey bee
- 5) Siphoning type- Butterfly

UNIT-III

Integrated pest control:

- Concept of IPM,
- Practices and scope
- Limitations of IPM

Biological control of insect pests:

- o Principles and history
- Modern status
- o Agents of bio control- Microbial control, parasites and predators

UNIT-IV

Chemical Control:

- History
- o Principle of chemical control
- o Categories of pesticides
- o Important pesticides of each category
- Hazards and limitations

Recent methods of pest suppression:

- Sterile insect release methods
- Behavioural control involving the use of pheromones
- Insect attractants and repellents
- Hormonal control

Suggested Reading Material:

- 1. Alford, D.V. (1999), A textbook of Agricultural Entomology. Blackwell Science Publishers, Cambridge, U.K.
- 2. Atwal, A.S. and Dhaliwal, G.S. (1997), Agricultural pest of South Asia and their management, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. Dhaliwal, G.S. and Arora, R. (1996), Principles of insect management, Globe offset Press, New Delhi.
- 4. Hill, D.S. (1993), Agricultural insect pests of the Tropics and their control, (2nd Ed), Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, New York.

	COURSE OCTCOMES	
CO-1.	Acquaint with the common pests of medical and veterinary importance and the	
	damage caused by them.	
CO-2.	Learn various methods to control the pests and acquire skills to control them.	
CO-3.	Learn about different types of the mouth parts of insects	
CO-4.	Learn about Insect pest-Management strategies and tools of biological control and	
	other recent methods of insect control	
CO-5.	Understand the underlying concepts of Integrated pest management and its	
	importance	
CO-6.	Learn about the most commonly used insect control method i.e., chemical control.	
CO-7.	Know about the principle, categories and important pesticide of each category	
CO-8.	Get acquainted with various repellents and attractants used to control pest.	

Practical

ZOO-361P: (Practical Related to Option (ii)- ZOO-361A and ZOO-361B)
Periods/week: 6
Credit Hours: 4.5 hrs

Total Hours: 67.5 hrs Marks: 25

Time: 3 Hrs
Important Note for Practical:

- 1. Candidates will be required to submit their original note books containing record of their laboratory work.
- 2. Wherever possible, students must be taken out for excursion to the field (Zoological gardens, sea shores, ponds and hill stations etc.) to study habitat and ecology of the animals.
- 3. As per the latest UGC guidelines the dissections may please be avoided. In no case an animal falling under the categories of wildlife protection act 1972 should be caught or dissected. The rules of the Prevention of cruelty to Animals act 1960 should be familiar to all who are teaching the zoology courses. The guidelines on this issue are also available on the UGC website: www.ugc.ac.in

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Study feeding apparatus (mouth parts) of insects.	
2.	Study different types of larvae and pupae of insects.	
3.	Study external morphology of pests of stored grains and of medical/veterinary	
	important insects.	
4.	Study of life stages of silkworm and honeybees.	
5.	Demonstrate various techniques and equipment for the preservation and storage of	
	insects.	
6.	Study structure and function of hand compression and Knap sack sprayer.	

1.	Feeding Apparatus (Mouth parts): preparation of	Cockroach, Grasshopper, Red cotton bug, Mosquito, House fly, honey bee and butterfly
	permanent mounts	Trouse my, noney bee and buttermy
2.	A study of different types of l	arvae and pupae of insects
3.	External morphology and	Crop pests: Pyrilla perpusilla, Pectinophora gossypiella,
	identification marks of the	Leptocorisa varicornis, Heiroglyphus banian, Dacus
	pests:	cucurbitae
	_	Stored grain pests: Sitophilus oryzae, Tribolium
		castaneum, Rhizopertha dominica, Trogoderma
		granarium, Callosobruchus maculatus
		Insects of Medical/Veterinary importance: Mosquitoes
		(Culex, Anopheles and Aedes), House fly, Blow fly,
		Warble fly and Horse fly.
4.	Study of life stages	Silkworm and Honeybees
5.	Demonstration	Different techniques and equipment for collection, storage
		and preservation of insects
6.	Structure and working of	Hand compression and Knap sack sprayer
	common sprayers	
7.	Visit to apiary and go-downs	for study of infestation
8.	Grain storage structures	
9.	Assignment on local insect fa	una

Guidelines for conduct of Practical Examination:

1.	Identify given spots and give two points for identification.	8
2.	Draw & write a note on the life cycle of given specimen.	5
3.	Identify the instrument and write down its working and application.	5
4.	Project report on apiary/godowns/granary.	3
5.	Viva-voce and practical file.	4

CO-1.	Identify the feeding apparatus (mouth parts) and its modifications	
CO-2.	Identify and differentiate between different larvae and pupae of insects	
CO-3.	Morphologically identify important insect-pests of various crops, stored grains and of	
	medical and veterinary importance	
CO-4.	Observe life stages of silkworm and honey bee	
CO-5.	Understand techniques and equipment for collection and preservation of insects.	
CO-6.	Use and understand the working commonly used sprayers	

Theory ZOO-361A: OPTION (iii): INLAND FISHERIES-I

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

- 1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which five are to be attempted.
- 2) Question 1 will be compulsory and will be of 5 short answer type (one mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions shall include two questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Each question carries 5 marks. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Give the students the necessary basic information about fishery and aquaculture.
2.	Discuss morphological characters of a typical fish.
3.	Study the identification and classification of important fishes.
4.	Discuss the techniques of induced breeding.
5.	Discuss the control of aquatic weeds.

UNIT-I

- History of inland fisheries in India.
- Morphology of a typical fish (carp, cat-fish, freshwater eel, perch).
- Structure of mouth of different fishes in relation to feeding habits.
- Different types of fins and scales

UNIT-II

- Identification and classification of important fishes of Punjab, Haryana and Himachal Pradesh.
- Bionomics of *Labeo rohita*, *Cirrhinus mrigala* and *Wallago attu*.

UNIT-III

- Exotic fishes: History, their introduction, morphology, their role in fish culture, impact on native fish fauna.
- Stages of gonadal, maturity of fishes, reproduction process, natural breeding, techniques of fish breeding. Natural collection of carp spawn and its care, transport etc.
- Induced Breeding: History, Technique, Chemicals involved in induced breeding and Impact on fish culture.

UNIT-IV

- Pond culture: Construction of pond, Types of pond, Fertilization of pond and Maintenance of pond
- Aquatic weeds and their control- Both biological and chemical

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Aggarwal S.C. & Johal M.S., Fishery Development, Narendra Publishing House, Delhi.
- 2. Jayaram, K.C. (1981), the freshwater fishes of India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Burma and Sri Lanka-A Hand Book of Zoological Survey of India, Kolkatta.
- 3. Jhingran V.G. (1991), Fish and Fisheries of India, Hindustan Publishing Corporation of India, Delhi.
- 4. Johal M.S. & Tandon K.K. (1979,1980), Monograph on the Fishes of reorganized Punjab, (Vol. I & II), Punjab.
- 5. Johal M.S. & Tandon K.K. (1981), Fisheries of Punjab, Res. Bull, Punjab University, Vol. 32, pp. 143-154.
- 6. Legler Karl F. (1962), Freshwater Fishery Biology, Wm. C-Brown Co. Dublingus IOWA, USA.
- 7. Munshi, J.S.D and Datta, H.M. (1996), Fish Morphology- Horizons of New Research, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 8. Rath R.K. (1993), Freshwater Aquaculture, Scientific Publishers, Jodhpur.
- 9. Tandon K.K. and Johal M.S. (1996), Age and Growth of freshwater fishes in India, Narendra Publishing House, New Delhi.

COUN	COURSE OUTCOMES	
CO-1.	Observe the various tools, crafts and gears used in Fishery.	
CO-2.	Describe the morphology, habit and habitat, Systematic position and various	
	systems of fishes of Punjab, Haryana and Himachal.	
CO-3.	Understand external features and economic importance of freshwater and marine	
	water fishes and other aquaculture organisms	
CO-4.	Differentiate between different structure of mouth related to feeding habits	
CO-5.	Insight of exotic fishes	
CO-6.	Understand induced breeding techniques and their impact on fish culture	
CO-7.	Construct and maintain different types of ponds for fish culture	
CO-8.	Role of aquatic weeds and their control	

Theory ZOO-361B: OPTION (iii): INLAND FISHERIES-II

Periods/week: 4 Credit Hours/week: 3 hrs
Total Credit Hours: 45 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 25

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

- 1) There will be a total of 9 questions of which five are to be attempted.
- 2) Question 1 will be compulsory and will be of 5 short answer type (one mark each).
- 3) The remaining 8 questions shall include two questions from each unit. Candidates shall be required to attempt 4 questions, one from each unit. Each question carries 5 marks. Preferably, the question should not be split into any sub-parts. In case of any splitting, it should not have more than two sub-parts.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1. Discuss various reservoir fisheries/dams.		Discuss various reservoir fisheries/dams.
	2.	Discuss the concept of integration of fish farming.
	3.	Study diseases of fish and their control measures.
	4.	Study various by-products of fish and fish marketing procedure.

UNIT-I

- Riverine fisheries of river Sutlej and Beas.
- Reservoir Fisheries: Gobind Sagar, Pong Dam
- Environmental factors affecting life in water bodies.

UNIT-II

- Culture Systems: Conventional, Extensive, Intensive, Monoculture and Polyculture.
- Species of fish suitable for integrated aquaculture.
- Integration of fish farming with duckry, poultry, piggery and dairy.
- Integration of crop cultivation to fish farming (paddy and horticulture).
- Sewage fed fisheries.

UNIT-III

- Cold water fisheries: Mhaseer fisheries and Trout fisheries.
- Fish Disease and their control: Viral, Bacterial, Fungal, Helminthes, Crustacean.
- Disease due to unhygienic conditions during transportation.

UNIT-IV

- Fish by-products.
- Marketing of Fish: Fresh Water fish, Preservation of fish.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Aggarwal S.C. & Johal M.S., Fishery Development, Narendra Publishing House, Delhi.
- 2. Jayaram, K.C. (1981), the freshwater fishes of India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Burma and Sri Lanka-A Hand Book of Zoological Survey of India, Kolkatta.
- 3. Jhingran V.G. (1991), Fish and Fisheries of India, Hindustan Publishing Corporation of India, Delhi.

- 4. Johal M.S. & Tandon K.K. (1979, 1980), Monograph on the Fishes of reorganized Punjab, (Vol. I & II), Punjab.
- 5. Johal M.S. & Tandon K.K.(1981), Fisheries of Punjab, Res. Bull, Panjab University, Vol. 32, pp. 143-154.
- 6. Legler Karl F(1962), Freshwater Fishery Biology, Wm. C-Brown Co. Dublingus IOWA, USA.
- 7. Munshi, J.S.D and Datta, H.M. (1996), Fish Morphology- Horizons of New Research, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 8. Rath R.K. (1993), Freshwater Aquaculture, Scientific Publishers, Jodhpur.
- 9. Tandon K.K. and Johal M.S.(1996), Age and Growth of freshwater fishes in India, Narendra Publishing House, New Delhi

000102 001001120	
Understand riverine fisheries of Sutlej and Beas	
Insight of reservoir fisheries	
Understanding of various fish culture systems and integrate fish farming along with	
sewage fed fisheries	
Know-how of cold water fisheries like Mhaseer and trout	
In-depth knowledge of fish diseases and their control	
Marketing of fish and fish by-products	

Practical

ZOO-361P: (Practical Related to Option (iii)- **ZOO-361A** and **ZOO-361B**)

Periods/week: 6 Credit Hours: 4.5 hrs
Total Hours: 67.5 hrs

Time: 3 Hrs

Marks: 25

Important Note for Practical:

- 1. Candidates will be required to submit their original note books containing record of their laboratory work.
- 2. Wherever possible, students must be taken out for excursion to the field (Zoological gardens, sea shores, ponds and hill stations etc.) to study habitat and ecology of the animals.
- 3. As per the latest UGC guidelines the dissections may please be avoided. In no case an animal falling under the categories of wildlife protection act 1972 should be caught or dissected. The rules of the Prevention of cruelty to Animals act 1960 should be familiar to all who are teaching the zoology courses. The guidelines on this issue are also available on the UGC website: www.ugc.ac.in

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1.	Study the morphology, Morphometric and meristic characters of a typical fish.
2.	Study the identification of fishes using key.
3.	Determine food and feeding habits of locally available fishes.
4. Study permanent stained slides of phytoplankton and zooplankton.5. Study physicochemical parameters of pond water.	

1.	Morphology of	Carp, Cat fish and Perch
2.		l meristic characters of typical fish
3.	Identification of	Notopterus spp. Labeo rohita, L. bata, Cirrhinus mrigala, Catla
	the following	catla, Puntius sarana, Tor putitora, Schizothorex, Aorichthys
	fishes using	seenghala, Wallago attu, Callichrous padda, Bagarius bagarius,
	prepared	Heteropneustus fossilis, Channa marulius, C. striatus, Xenetodon
	identification	cancila, Cyprinus carpio, Hypophthalmichthys molitrix,
	keys for these	Ctenopharyngodon idella, Colisa fasciata and Mastacembelus
	fishes,	armatus
4.	Determination	locally available fishes on the basis of stomach analysis adopting the
	of food and	following methods:
	feeding habits of	a. Frequency occurrence method
		b. Feeding intensity
		c. Point method
5.	Determination	Both of a male and a female of any commercial fish (Preserved
	of maturity	specimens).
	stages	
6.	Preparation of	Phytoplankton and zooplanktons which constitute the food of
	permanent slides	commercial fishes. Their identification and study of important
		characters.
7.	Identification of a	quatic weeds of a fish pond.
8.	Estimation of	a. Temperature
	following	b. pH
	chemical	c. Dissolved oxygen
	parameters of	d. Phosphates

	pond water	e. Total Dissolved solids
		f. Nitrates
		g. Hardness
		h. Examination of diseased fishes
9.	Visit of various fis	sh ponds and fish market.

Note: - Some changes can be made in the practicals depending on the availability of material.

Guidelines for conduct of Practical Examination:

1.	Give salient features of the given fish/ Identification of Fish using keys.	8
2.	Estimation of physico-chemical parameters of pond water.	4
3.	Identification of Zoo/ Phytoplankton and their important characteristics.	4
4.	Write morphometric/meristic characters of a fish species.	3
5.	Project report.	2
6.	Viva-voce and practical file	4

CO-1.	Identify fishes based on the morphological characters	
CO-2.	Analyse morphometric characters and meristics of typical fish using identification	
	keys	
CO-3.	Determine food and feeding habits of fishes and their maturity stages	
CO-4.	Identify and differentiate between important phytoplanktons and zooplanktons using	
	permanent slides	
CO-5.	Estimate chemical parameters of pond waters	